

Arity Distracted Driving Report

Research conducted by Murphy Research

Objective

With April being National Distracted Driving Awareness month, Arity wanted to gain a better understanding of consumer perceptions around the dangers of distracted driving, identify sources of distraction, and compare to previous research reports.

Methodology

- 15-minute online survey
- 1,230 completes total
- Field dates: February 26 March 5, 2019

Respondent Qualifications

- Non-sensitive industry
- Adults 16+ (no more than 10% over the age of 60)
- Currently holds a driver's license
- Currently owns a smartphone
- Personally drives at least once a month
- Drives at least 5 miles on days they drive

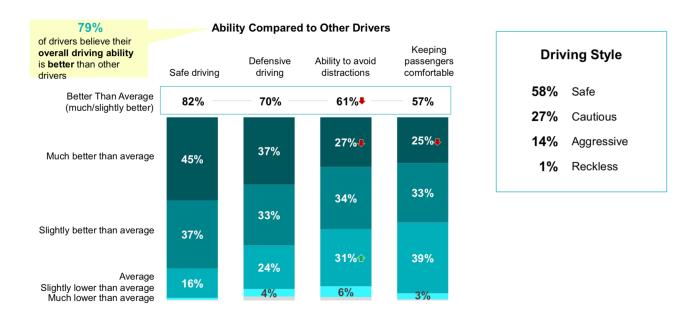
Key Findings

- Since 2018, drivers feel less confident in their ability to deal with distractions, and their concerns when driving have increased. However, efforts to minimize distractions are declining.
 - Drivers are not willing to admit to participating in highly concerning activities, even though they observe these activities frequently on the road.
- Emerging adults (18-28) have the most driving concerns and have said that they've significantly decreased their participation in distracted driving activities since 2018.
- Nearly all drivers consider phone usage to be rarely/never permittable, but almost all admit to using their phone while driving.

- Compared to 2018, drivers are less concerned about others engaging in distracted driving behavior.
- Less than half of drivers are aware of the insurance consequences from distracted driving. However, discounts on insurance premiums is the top motivation for drivers to be safer on the road.

Driving Ability

Most drivers believe their driving abilities are better than other drivers', especially when it comes to safe and defensive driving. However, drivers today rate their ability to avoid distractions as lower than in 2018.



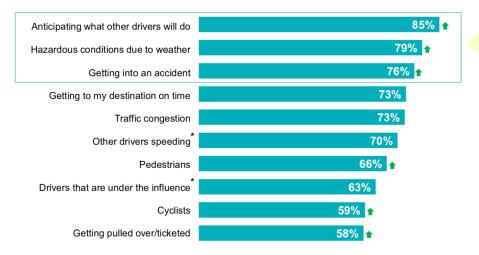
** Single arrows indicate statistically significant changes at the 95% confidence interval from 2018 to 2019

Driving Concerns

Drivers are more concerned about anticipating what others do, hazardous weather conditions, and getting into an accident. Emerging adults are more cautious drivers compared to other age groups; they are concerned about accidents, getting pulled over, and getting lost.

Top Concerns When Driving

(major/somewhat of a concern)



Emerging Adults (18-28) are nervous drivers and are more concerned with the following when driving compared to other life stages:

- Getting in an accident (84%)
- Getting pulled over by the police (71%)
- Getting lost/navigation (57%)

** Single arrows indicate statistically significant changes at the 95% confidence interval from 2018 to 2019

Attitudes Toward Driving

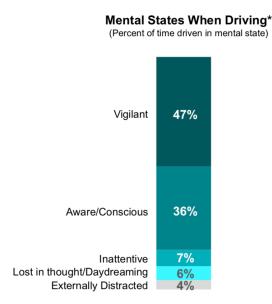
Most drivers always wear their seatbelt, use their signal to change lanes, and view themselves as responsive to drivers that want to pass or merge. Drivers also prefer to drive and often drive above the speed limit.

(describes me completely/somewhat)								
I always wear my seatbelt	93%	7%	I never wear my seatbelt					
I use my signal when changing lanes	93%	7%	I rarely use my signal when changing lanes					
I am responsive to drivers passing or merging	87%	13%	I am rarely responsive to drivers passing or merging					
I insist that passengers in my car wear a seatbelt	85%	15%	I let adults determine whether or not to wear a seatbelt					
I never drive after consuming any alcohol	83%	17%	I determine whether to drive after drinking case by case					
I strictly obey posted reduce speed signs	79%	21%	I use my discretion for posted reduced speed signs					
My friends consider me an overly cautious driver	76%	24%	My friends consider me a reckless driver					
I rarely use my horn to express my frustration	76%	24%	I often use my horn to express my frustration					
I am a cautious driver	69%4	31% 🕇	I am a defensive driver					
I make sure I never use my phone while driving	66%	34%	I will check my phone if I think it is safe st					
I let the speed limit determine my driving speed	61%	39%	I rely on the speed of the traffic to determine my speed					
I am hesitant to drive in bad weather	56%	44%	Weather has no impact on my likelihood to drive					
Driving makes me anxious	40%	60%	Driving helps me relax					
I typically drive below the speed limit	37%	63%	I typically drive above the speed limit					
I prefer to be a passenger	34%	66%	I prefer to be the driver					

Driving Attitudes

Levels of Distraction

Drivers claim to be in a distracted mental state one-sixth of the time while driving. Nearly all drivers consider driving under the influence, driving while tired/falling asleep, or texting while driving as rarely or never permittable.



Distractions While Driving Overview



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Driving Concerns*

(Rarely/never permittable)

of drugs/alcohol

95%

90%

89%

77%

45%

42%

41%

Driving under the influence

Texting or searching the web

Going over the speed limit

Using a hands-free device 27%

Talking to other people in the car

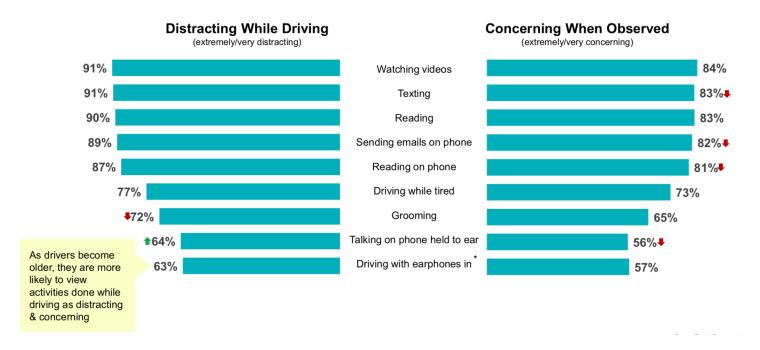
Driving while tired or falling asleep

Holding a cell phone to talk while driving

Looking at an outside object, or event

Most Distracting & Concerning Activities

Drivers consider watching videos, texting, reading, and sending emails on the phone as the most distracting activities to do while driving. Concerns about these activities have decreased since 2018.



Activities While Driving

Nearly all drivers admit to engaging in cognitive distractions such as talking to passengers, adjusting music/radio on the car and reading signage. Drivers are less willing to admit to actively using their phone, those these activities are widely seen on the road.

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41.

		Ac	tivities	•••	ed in While			
				Driving	J			
Though 89% of drivers	I	Personally	(always/fre Other Drivers	quently/some	times/rarely)	Personally	Other Drivers	Gap
consider texting/using the web on their phones as	Use Phone (NET)	97%	98%	+1	Adjust music on phone	56% 🛧	86%	+30
rarely/never permittable, nearly all drivers admit to having used their phone while driving	Talk to passengers	97%	96%	-1	Talk phone held to ear**	50%	94%	+44
	Adjust the radio/ music on car	91%	92%	+1	Text	44%	91%	+47
	Read roadside signage	90%	91%	+1	Listen to audiobooks/ podcasts**	40% 	75%	+35
	Navigate using GPS**	90%	93%	+3	Read on their phone**	27%	83%	+56
	Eat and/or drink	85%	95%	+10	Groom themselves	23%	90%	+67
Slow d	own to look at an object, _* or event	77%	94%	+17	Drive with a pet on _* lap/front seat	23%	89%	+66
т	alk on phone hands-free**	75%	94%	+19	Smoke	22%	91%	+69
	Drive while tired 🌲	72%	88%	+16	Drive with headphones in *	19%	82%	+63

Activities Drivers Personally Engage in by Life Stage

Always/frequently/sometimes/rarely		Emerging Adults 18-28 (A) _{N=251}	New Households 29-35 (B) _{N=256}	Established Households 36-48 (C) _{N=415}	Mature Adults 49-59 (D) _{N=214}	Retirees 60+ (E) _{N=70}
Emerging Adults (18-28)	Talk to passengers	97%	95% 🛧	97%	96%	97%
There has been a	USE PHONE (NET) **	97% 📕	99% ^{CD}	97%	95%	94%
significant decrease in the	Navigate GPS **	92% ^D	95% ^{CDE}	89%	85%	83%
participation of distracting activities while driving	Adjust the radio/music on car	90%	92%	93%	90%	90%
over the past year	Read roadside signage	88%	89%	91%	91%	94%
	Eat and/or drink	83%	84%	88% ^E	87% ^E	74%
	Talk on the phone hands-free **		77%	76%	71%	69%
Drive while tired		74%	75%	70%	71%	71%
Slow down to look an object or event*		72%	76%	81% ^A	78%	79%
Adjust the radio/music on phone**		72% ^{BCDE}	63% ^{DE}	57% ^{DE}	38%	29%
Talk on the phone held to ear**		51% 🛓	59% ^{CDE}	49%	43%	43%
Listen to audiobooks or podcasts**		48% ^{CDE}	49% ^{CDE}	39% ^{DE}	30% ^E	19%
Text **		46% ^{DE}	58% ^{ACDE}	47% ^{DE}	26%	16%
	28% ^{DE}	29% ^{DE}	23% ^E	17%	10%	
Drive	25% ^{DE}	31% ^{CDE}	22% ^{DE}	15%	13%	
	24% ^E	36% ^{ADE}	32% ^{ADE}	20% ^E	6%	
	22% ^{DE}	25% ^{DE}	22% ^{DE}	10% ^E	3%	
Send emails on your phone **		16%	30% ^{ACDE}	19% ^E	13%	9%
	Smoke	16%	29% ^{ADE}	27% ^{ADE}	18%	10%
© 2019 Arity, LLC. All rights res	served. Watch videos**	15% ^{DE}	21% ^{CDE}	15% ^{DE}	5%	1%
	D l	100/E	ADD ADE	100/DE	70/	00/

Read pital letter indicates statistical significance at 196 95% confidence interval across mestade. 27. How often do you personally do each of the following while driving: ** Actions that require you to unlock your phone. *Stub added in Wave 2. Single arrows indicate statistically significant changes at the 95% confidence interval for 2018 to 2018

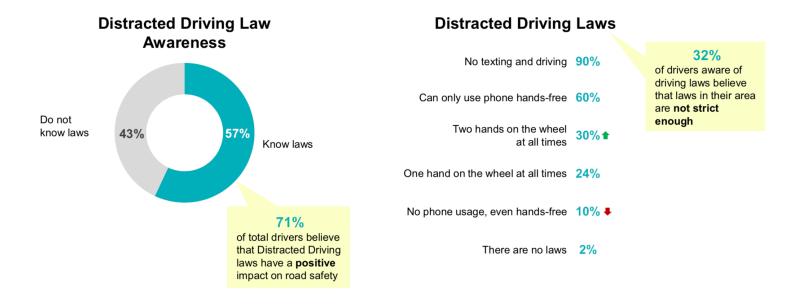
Activities While Driving

Drivers believe that they can talk to passengers and adjust the radio/music well. They do not believe they can read on their phones, groom, or text while driving well.

		Ac		Engage Driving			Other	
Though 89% of drivers		Personally	Drivers	Gap	1	Personally	Drivers	Gap
consider texting/using the web on their phones as rarely/never permittable, nearly all drivers admit to having used their phone while driving	Use Phone (NET)	97%	98%	+1	Adjust music on phone**	56% 🛧	86%	+30
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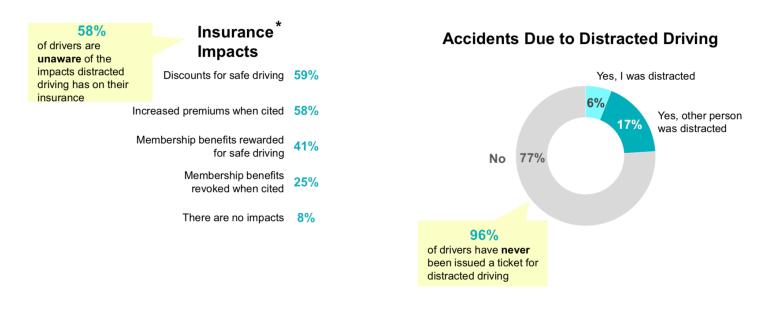
Laws of Distracted Driving

Over half of drivers know the distracted driving laws in their area. 3 in 4 believe that they have a positive impact. Most drivers know about phone usage laws; however, other laws have low awareness. 1 in 3 drivers believe the laws are not strict enough.



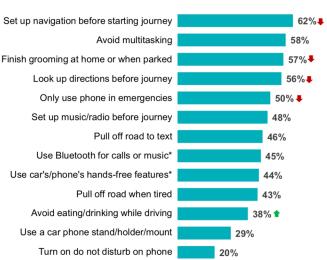
Consequences of Distracted Driving

Over half of drivers are unaware of the impacts that distracted driving can have on their insurance. Almost 1 in 4 drivers have been in an accident due to distracted driving; however, almost none have received tickets for it.

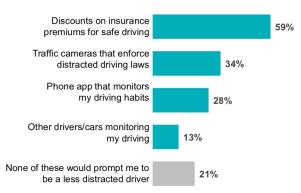


Avoiding Distraction While Driving

Top efforts to minimize distraction prior to starting a journey have decreased since 2018, including setting up navigation, grooming, and looking up directions ahead of time. 2 in 3 drivers believe that discounts on insurance premiums would prompt them to be safer drivers.



Methods for Minimizing Distractions



Safe Driving Incentive*